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Terra Lana Products Ltd PO Box 19755 Christchurch 8241

Attention: Brad Stuart

Dear Brad

TERRA LANA 60MM INSULATION - SOUND INSULATION OPINION

Introduction

Marshall Day Acoustics has been engaged by Terra Lana to predict the sound insulation performance of inter-tenancy wall and floor/ceiling constructions contained in the GIB Noise Control Systems Specification and Installation Manual (CBI5113), dated September 2017, (GIB Manual), with the cavity insulation replaced with Terra Lana's 60 mm thick 2.8 kg/m² fibrous insulation product (thickness and density as measured by Marshall Day Acoustics).

Sound Insulation Performance Comparison

A comparison of the sound insulation performance is provided in Table 1 below. The predictions are made using Marshall Day Acoustics' Insul 9.0 software, which is used by over 400 firms in 30 countries and in Universities worldwide. The predicted sound insulation ratings for systems with the Terra Lana product are based on the predicted difference in performance between the partition systems with the selected Terra Lana insulation and the relevant Pink Batts fibrous insulation (generally 75mm thick R1.8 Pink Batts).

| GIB Manual specification reference | Sound insulation rating as stated in GIB Manual, STC | Predicted sound insulation rating when insulation is substituted for Terra Lana product*, STC | Performance comparison |
|--|--|---|------------------------|
| Central barrier | walls | | |
| Timber frame | walls – with GIB Barrierline central ba | rrier | |
| GBTLAB 60a | 68 | 68 | Equivalent |
| GBTLAB 60b | 64 | 64 | Equivalent |
| GBTLAB 60c | 67 | 67 | Equivalent |
| GBTLAB 60d | 61 | 61 | Equivalent |
| Steel frame wa | alls – with GIB Barrierline central barr | ier | |
| GBSAB 60a | 63 | 63 | Equivalent |
| GBSAB 60b | 67 | 67 | Equivalent |
| GBSAB 60c | 68 | 68 | Equivalent |
| Staggered stud | l steel frame walls – with 13mm GIB F | Fyreline central barrier | |
| GBSAB 60d | 56 | 56 | Equivalent |
| GBSAB 60e | 57 | 57 | Equivalent |

Table 1: Performance comparison of inter-tenancy partitions with Terra Lana insulation product



| GIB Manual specification reference | Sound insulation rating as stated in GIB Manual, STC | Predicted sound insulation rating when insulation is substituted for Terra Lana product*, STC | Performance comparison |
|--|--|---|------------------------|
| Double frame wa | Ills | | |
| Double timber fra | ame walls | | |
| GBTLA 30a | 58 | 58 | Equivalent |
| GBTLA 30b | 58 | 58 | Equivalent |
| GBTLA 60 | 60 | 60 | Equivalent |
| GBTLA 90c | 63 | 63 | Equivalent |
| GBTLA 90d | 67 | 67 | Equivalent |
| Double steel fram | ne walls | | |
| GBSA 30b | 55 | 55 | Equivalent |
| GBSA 60c | 59 | 59 | Equivalent |
| GBSA 45 | 60 | 60 | Equivalent |
| GBSA 90c | 61 | 61 | Equivalent |
| GBSA 90d | 65 | 65 | Equivalent |
| Single frame wal | ls | | |
| Timber frame wa | Ils – GIB Rail and acoustic resilient | mount | |
| GBTLA 45r | 55 | 55 | Equivalent |
| GBTLA 60r | 55 | 55 | Equivalent |
| GBTLA 90r | 55 | 55 | Equivalent |
| GBTLIC 45 | 61 | 61 | Equivalent |
| GBTLIC 60 | 62 | 61 | Within 1 point |
| GBTLIC 60a | 57 | 56 | Within 1 point |
| Steel frame walls | – GIB Rail and acoustic resilient m | ount | · |
| GBSA 30r | 55 | 55 | Equivalent |
| GBSA 60r | 55 | 55 | Equivalent |
| GBSA 90r | 57 | 56 | Within 1 point |
| GBSIC 45a | 55 | 55 | Equivalent |
| Staggered steel s | | | |
| GBSA 30s | 55 | 55 | Eguivalent |
| GBSA 90s | 60 | 60 | Equivalent |
| GIB Rondo Quiet | | | - 1 |
| GBQSA 45 | 56 | 56 | Equivalent |
| GBQSA 60a | 55 | 55 | Equivalent |
| GBQSA 90 | 58 | 58 | Equivalent |
| Floor/ceiling and | | | - 1 |
| Floor/ceiling syst | | | |
| GBDFA 60b | 57 | 57 | Equivalent |
| GBDFA 60d | 67 | 67 | Equivalent |
| GBDFA 60e | 65 | 65 | Equivalent |
| GBSJA 45 | 55 | 55 | Equivalent |
| GBSJA 45 GBSJA 60 | 56 | 56 | Equivalent |
| Suspended grid s | | 50 | Equivalent |
| GBSCA 45 | 56 | 56 | Equivalent |
| GBSCA 45 GBSCA 60a | 56 | 56 | Equivalent |
| | n thick 2.8 kg/m ² product | 50 | Equivalent |

* Terra Lana 60 mm thick 2.8 kg/m² product.

The results in Table 1 show that the sound insulation performance is equivalent for all inter-tenancy partitions with the selected Terra Lana insulation product (i.e. results within 1 point).



Limitations

The above opinion is a prediction of the laboratory performance, not the field performance. The prodictions are based on the matieral properties of flow resistivity, product thickness and density determined by Marshall Day Acoustics in accordance with ASTM Standard C522-03 *"Standard Test Method for Airflow Resistance of Acoustic Materials"*. Refer to test report Mm 001 R01 20190975, dated 26 November 2019 for further information.

Readers are advised to check that this opinion has not been revised by a later issue. The prediction is expected to be in error by \pm 1 STC points. This opinion may be reproduced in full but not in part without the written consent of Marshall Day Acoustics Ltd.

We trust this information is satisfactory. If you have any further questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours faithfully

MARSHALL DAY ACOUSTICS LTD

Aaron Staples Senior Acoustic Engineer



MEMO

| | Document No.: Mm 001 |
|---|------------------------------|
| To: Terra Lana | Date: 25 October 2019 |
| Attention: Brad Stuart | Cross Reference: |
| Email: brad@terralana.co.nz | Project No.: 20190975 |
| From: Adrien Cazaubon | No. Pages: 3 Attachments: No |
| Subject: Flow Resistivity Testing Results | |

Introduction

Marshall Day Acoustics (MDA) has been engaged by Terra Lana to perform flow resistivity tests on two building insulation products in accordance with ASTM Standard C522-03 *Standard Test Method for Airflow Resistance of Acoustic Materials*. Tests were carried out in accordance with this Standard using our flow resistivity apparatus.

Measurement

Terra Lana provided two products, each with three different samples from different parts of the production width. Each sample had a dimension of 310mm x 310mm.

Each sample was weighed. The sample was installed in the flow resistivity apparatus, with care taken to prevent any airflow around the sample edges. Each sample was adjusted as far as practicable to the nominal thickness of the product, then the thickness was measured and is quoted as 'tested thickness'. Note it is difficult to ensure uniform thickness across the entire sample, so the tested thickness may vary from the quoted thickness.

During the test an air pump pulled air through the sample, and the corresponding pressure drop across the sample and air flow-rate were simultaneously measured. From these results, the flow resistivity for each sample has been calculated.

We note that for the first product tested ($2.5kg/m^2$, 90mm thick), the three samples showed considerable variability in density (from 26 kg/m³ to 34kg/m³). This variability is higher than we would expect and we recommend that this is investigated. This variability in density led to significant variability in measured flow resistance. For reference, all three samples of the other product ($2.6 kg/m^2 60mm thick$), showed the exact same density of 47kg/m³

Results

The average flow resistivity result for each product is presented in Table 1 below and Figure 1 overleaf. The results have been rounded to the nearest 100 Rayls/m. The accuracy of the testing is estimated to be +/-10%.

| Product Description | Density as tested (kg/m ³) | Flow Resistance (Rayls) | Flow Resistivity (Rayls/m) |
|---------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2.5kgsm 90mm thick | 30 | 190 | 1900 |
| 2.6kgsm 60mm thick | 47 | 250 | 4100 |

Table 1: Flow Resistivity Results

We understand that the intention of the testing was to determine if the two products were equivalent when used in a construction. Because the products are different thicknesses, the flow resistance is a more appropriate parameter to assess this.



There is a significant difference in the flow resistance of the two products. Therefore, we cannot confirm if they would be suitably interchangeable without further investigation of the specific construction.



Figure 1: Flow Resistivity Results

